The Lynx Round Table –

Lessons Learnt from a Participatory Conflict Management Approach in Southwest Germany

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Structure

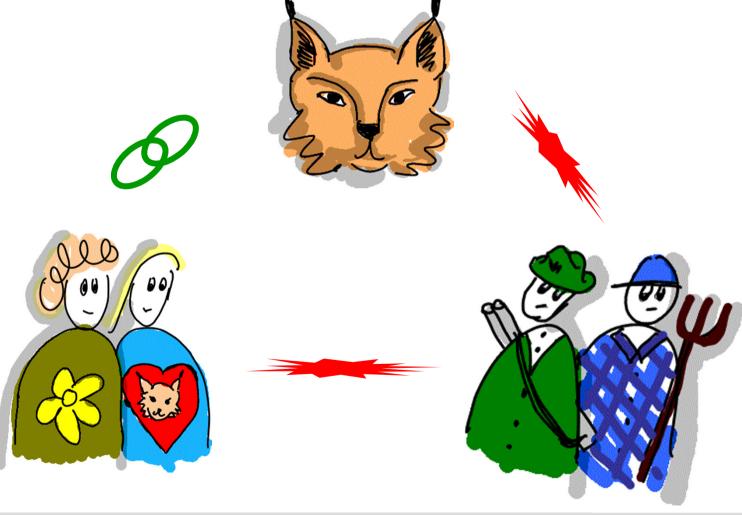
- Background: the lynx conflict and the round table
- Results of the research project on the lynx conflict
- Conclusions and first steps into practice







Background





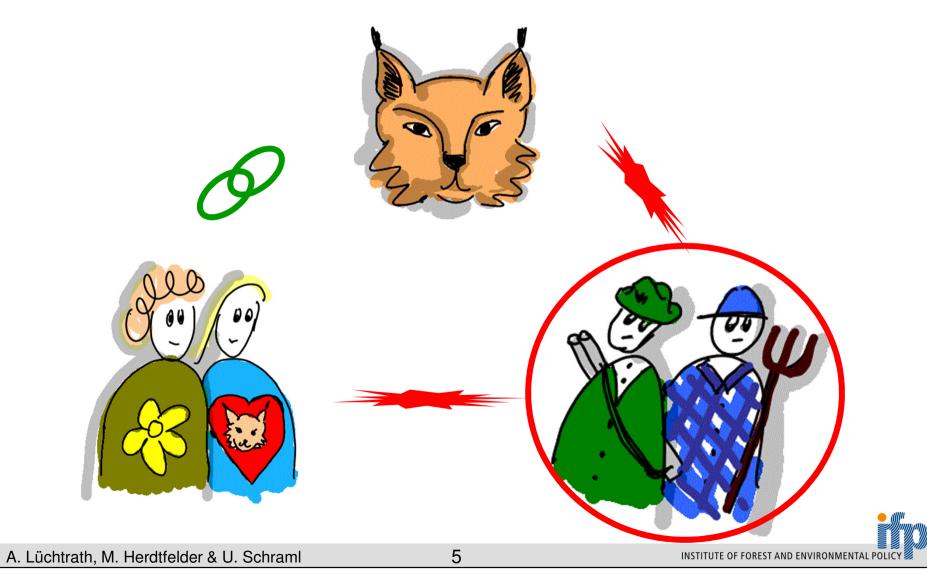
Agenda

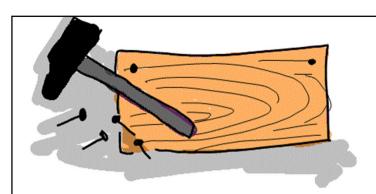
- Personal contact and understanding between groups
- Transparency of occurrence and distribution of lynx
- Compensation for domestic animals
- Transparency of groups' activities
- Topics of interest (protection of herds, carnivores' influence on game,...
- Consequences of FFH and Natura 2000
- Research project on attitudes and habitat quality





Background





Research Question



"How are farmers' and hunters' perceptions of the lynx constituted and legitimated?"

-> Group Discussions





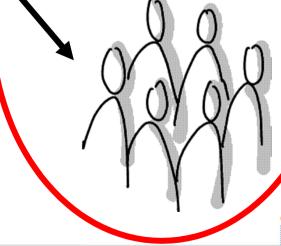
Results



Effects of the lynx



Relationship between stakeholder groups







"If we want to talk about acceptance we have to start at the very beginning: WHO wants the lynx and WHY?"

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Hunters' perceptions

"Hunters are the murderers of game" "Hunters don't shoot enough ungulates"









"That's actually the **aim** of those groups: to stop hunting. If we have the lynx we don't need those hunters anymore."



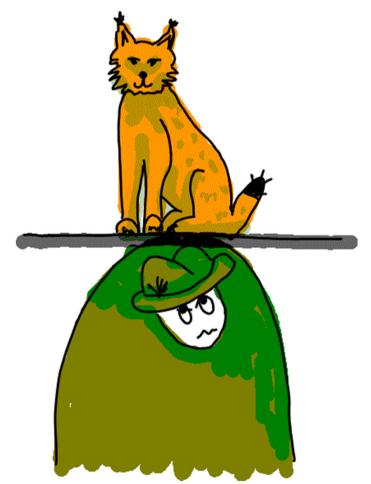
- -> Threat to identitiy
- -> Group conflict





"If the lynx is being reintroduced to ruin the hunt for us, I don't see why hunters should accept it."

- -> Reactance
- -> Illegal killings





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Conclusions

- The lynx conflict is a group conflict, in which
- the lynx becomes a **symbol for** which group can impose their **values and norms** on the others.
- Loss of values, norms, identity is perceived as a threat to existence,
- which causes reactance among farmers and hunters
- and furthermore out-group discrimination











Conclusions

- Acceptance of the groups with their values and interests
- Mutual acknowledgement of their competences
- Empowering hunters and farmers by involving them in the carnivore management
- Transfer of information on conlfict dynamics and carnivore biology









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Goals:

- Groups have profound knowledge about carnivores
- Better communication structures in four model regions

Content:

- Transfer information
- Internet forum
- Local forums
- Communication trainings for key persons and "networkers" of all groups







Four large information events

Target groups:

- Hunters
- Foresters
- Nature Conservationists
- Farmers/Shepherds

Structure:

- Information on wolf and lynx
- Facilitated discussions in small mixed groups





Mixed Group Discussions

- Do you experience the communication and interaction between the groups as problematic? If so, why?
- What should be done about that? How could you contribute to make it better?







Can you understand the interests and needs of the other groups better after this event?

